

P P SAVANI UNIVERSITY

Second Semester of B. Tech. Examination

November 2022

SESH1080 Linear Algebra & Calculus

22.11.2022, Tuesday

Time: 01:00 p.m. To 03:30 p.m.

Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions:

1. The question paper comprises of two sections.
2. Section I and II must be attempted compulsory.
3. Make suitable assumptions and draw neat figures wherever required.
4. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

SECTION - I

Answer the Following: (Attempt any Five)

		CO	BTL
Q - 1	Check the set of all 2×2 matrices of the form $\begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix}$ with the standard matrix addition and multiplication is vector space or not.	[06]	1, 3/5
Q - 2	Sets of vectors $(1,1,2,1), (1,0,0,2), (4,6,8,6), (0,3,2,1)$ in R^4 are linearly dependent?	[06]	1, 4
Q - 3	Determine the dimension and a basis for the solution space of the system $3x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 0$ $5x_1 - x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 0$	[06]	1, 2/4
Q - 4	Apply the Gram-Schmidt process to transform the basis vectors $u_1 = (1,1,1), u_2 = (0,1,1), u_3 = (0,0,1)$ into an orthogonal basis $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$, and then normalize the orthogonal basis vectors to obtain an orthonormal basis $\{q_1, q_2, q_3\}$.	[06]	1, 6
Q - 5	Find a QR -decomposition of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.	[06]	2, 6
Q - 6	Let $F: R^3 \rightarrow R^2$ be the linear map defined by $F(x, y, z) = (3x + 2y - 4z, x - 5y + 3z)$. Find matrix of F in the following bases of R^3 and R^2 . $S = \{w_1, w_2, w_3\} = \{(1,1,1), (1,1,0), (1,0,0)\}$ and $S' = \{u_1, u_2\} = \{(1,3), (2,5)\}$.	[06]	2, 4/6
Q - 7	Let $T: R^3 \rightarrow R^3$ be the projection of a vector v into the xy -plane that is, $T(x, y, z) = (x, y, 0)$. Find kernel and range.	[06]	2, 3/5
Q - 8	Find the least square solution of the linear system $Ax = b$ given by $x_1 + x_2 = 7, -x_1 + x_2 = 0, -x_1 + 2x_2 = -7$ and find the orthogonal projection of b on the column space of A .	[06]	2, 3/5

SECTION - II

Answer the Following:

Q - 1	Find all the local maxima, local minima, and saddle points of the function $f(x) = x^2 + xy + y^2 + 3x - 3y + 4$.	[05]	3, 5
OR			
Q - 1	Find all the local maxima, local minima, and saddle points of the function $f(x) = x^2 + xy + 3x + 2y + 5$.	[05]	3, 5
Q - 2	Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial v}$ when $u = 0, v = 0$ if $w = x^2 + \left(\frac{y}{x}\right), x = u - 2v + 1, y = 2u + v - 2$.	[05]	3, 4
Q - 3	Trace the hypocycloid $x = a \cos^3 t, y = b \sin^3 t$.	[10]	4, 6
OR			
Q - 3	Trace the cardioid $r = a(1 - \cos \theta)$.	[10]	4, 6

- Q - 4 Write Legendre's duplication formula and evaluate $\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$. [05] 4 1/5
- Q - 5 (1) $\Gamma 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ (2) $\Gamma 0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ [05] 4 1/2
 (3) $\Gamma(1/2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ (4) $\Gamma 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (5) Symmetrical property of $B(m, n)$ is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- Q - 6 Prove that $n B(m + 1, n) = m B(m, n + 1)$ [05] 4 5

CO : Course Outcome Number

BTL : Blooms Taxonomy Level

Level of Bloom's Revised Taxonomy in Assessment

1: Remember	2: Understand	3: Apply
4: Analyze	5: Evaluate	6: Create